

appeared on this side of the lake, it would be before the work could be possibly finished.

It is useless to dispute the fact that this is a country of high points of ground and a single stroke of the axe made this clear to me the first I had occasion to examine the neighborhood with a view of discovering the relative strength and weakness of the surrounding place.

I would be false were I to say that I am not satisfied by the many beautiful things which have been said about the defense which was made by the troops under my command.

I have at all times enjoyed his confidence so far as my rank in the army entitled me to, and as proper occasions presented themselves, I have felt the same confidence in him as in any other commander.

Every assurance that he will at all times do me justice and nothing could give me more pain than to see his name ever again upon the roll of the dead.

Your friend,  
GEORGE CROGHAM,  
Maj. 17th Inf., commanding Lower Southside.

From the N. Y. Herald.

Gen. Harrison left this city at 6 o'clock on Saturday morning, on his return home. He was escorted to the Jersey City Ferry by the New York Committee & a committee from Harrisburgh, the

of which will accompany him to the Capital of Penna. It was his intention to remain at Easton till this morning, when he would proceed on his journey with all expedition possible.

Referring to the General's visit to this city, the editor of the American very correctly remarks:—

"This visit has given the very positive and conclusively to some two or three of the fabrications of the Van Buren press—especially those which pretend to represent Gen. H. as a broken down old man, without capacity. He has been seen by tens of thousands, and they found themselves looking upon a man of plain farmer like appearance of thin, wiry and active form, of quick and intelligent eye, and altogether as little like decrepitude as can well be imagined.

By thousands, and an accession when he could not in the nature of things, have been prepared in advance; and his replies have evinced tact, knowledge, instruction, and principle, well settled in his own mind, and frankly expressed to others.

We have no doubt, if Mr. Van Buren and Mr. Harrison should go forth together and unaccompanied, upon a tour throughout the United States, and be brought in contact with the people, and that the issue of the Presidential election should be determined by the impression respectively produced by the manners, appearance, and speeches of each that Gen. Harrison would beat the favorite accession out of sight."

From the N. Y. Com. Ad.

The People's Guest.—Gen. W. H. Harrison, the candidate of the People for the first office in their gift, took his departure from this city early on Saturday morning on his return to Ohio—striking across N. J. to Easton. This visit of the western veteran has afforded a high degree of satisfaction to our citizens, and although from the delicacy of his position undertaken with reluctance by Gen. Harrison himself, it must nevertheless in its results have been grateful to his own feelings—since no other individual, with the single exception of Gen. Lafayette, has ever called forth in this community, stronger, if as strong, testimonials of the public regard. Notwithstanding that his stay among us was so short, the demonstrations of popular affection were manifold, and as undisciplined as they were spontaneous.

MOVEMENT IN BALTIMORE.

The people of Baltimore, justly alarmed at the revolutionary attempt of the Van Buren electors, have taken a stand calculated to put down the usurpers. Their sentiments are disclosed in the following resolution, which we recommend to the candid attention of intelligent citizens of all parties. There is a right and a wrong way to do every thing, that is not intrinsically wrong. There is certainly in this free country, a constitutional mode of bringing about reforms in Government, without resorting to violence and revolutions. He that V. B. party in Maryland has sincerely desisted of altering their Constitution in this manner, has restored to a legal remedy. But as their secret object was not a beneficial reform, but to force the people into the support of V. B. party politics, they resorted to direct and open violence. But they will soon learn that the American people are not disposed to countenance violence and outrage from any quarter, as the annexed Resolution will show.

Resolutions.

Resolved, That by citizens of Baltimore town meeting assembled, that the members of the Senate, in their refusal to elect that body, in our judgment have disobeyed the express commands of the constitution, have disregarded a high public trust, involving the very continuance of government, and the security of our persons and property, have committed a high misdemeanor by their refusal to consent to a high public duty to the discharge of which they stood pledged by their acceptance of it, and in the severest reprobation of the people of Maryland, and of the friends of liberty, order and good government throughout the Union.

Resolved, That in their attempt to overthrow the government of this state, and to introduce anarchy and revolution in its stead, the same unscrupulous electors have wronged the peace, order and happiness of society, have sacrificed the best interests of the people of Maryland, have endangered the present property, and lighted for a time all the late prospects of the State; and that in so doing, they have proved themselves traitors, and forfeited all claim to the title of Representatives.

Resolved, That in their proclamation of revolution, and in their attempt to dictate to the People of this state the manner in which they shall form a new government to escape the consequences of anarchy, the said unscrupulous electors have betrayed the trust of the people of Maryland, and put in jeopardy the vital principle of all republican institutions.

Resolved, That in the attempt, by the disregard of a high public duty to protect the government laws and institutions of this state, by the commission of a high misdemeanor, the said unscrupulous electors have forfeited all claim to the support of the virtuous and patriotic of all parties, who shall the use of wrong means to accomplish any end, and who shall the welfare of their country and the permanent prosperity and happiness of this state and city above the mere expediency of party.

Resolved, That the twenty-one members of the Senate who have qualified for the discharge of their duty and who are still continuing their sessions at Annapolis from day to day, for their evasions in presence to the inestimable blessings of peace, order and government, are entitled to the confidence and affection of the people of Maryland, and that it is the most earnest wish and request of this meeting, that the said electors will there remain prepared to discharge their duty of electing a Senate, until the People of Maryland shall have had time by the power and majority of public opinion to quell revolution and return order to the State.

Resolved, That the said unscrupulous electors refusing to receive propositions coming from individuals who would not assume the office under the color of which they professed to act, and propositions for involving a degrading surrender of their duty, and asking nothing

less than the commission of deliberate perjury in the exercise of their own right of choice, have acted the part of honorless and faithless public servants.

Resolved, That we are for reform and against revolution.

Resolved, That to make manifest to the People of this State, and to our fellow citizens throughout the Union, that Baltimore prefers peace, order and good government, stable institutions, and no other public and private resolutions, factions and resolutions, this meeting will proceed forthwith to nominate ten suitable individuals as candidates for the office of delegates from this city to the next general assembly of Maryland; and that for that purpose, President of this meeting be requested to nominate, forthwith a committee of twelve to select and report to this meeting for their approval two suitable individuals for that office.

Resolved, That from this period until the first Monday of October next, we will devote our time and energies in the endeavor to elect delegates, by the process of our candidates, to the next assembly of Maryland, and that we will not rest until that day we will act as a day sacred to the cause of Peace, Order, and the Preservation of our institutions, persons and property, and in that day, during our sleep, our stars and our stripes, and abandoning all other avocations we will devote ourselves to the endeavor to secure the success of the candidates whom this meeting may select.

FROM FLORIDA.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE—ANOTHER BATTLE.

The Jacksonville Courier of the 22d inst. contains the following:—

We have been favored with the perusal of a letter dated Fort Gilliland, Sept. 18th, 1836, containing the substance of a report to the commander in Chief of a battle with the Indians, fought near Newmansville on the 13th inst.

On Saturday evening, the 17th, the Indians came within a mile of that Fort and captured a cart and five or three whites and two negroes. They were posted in the neighborhood of San Placido hammock. Sunday morning Col. Warren marched out to give battle with 100 mounted men, being detachments from Capt. Walker's, Ward's and Garrison's, with 25 gentlemen under Capt. Beckton, who, their time of service having expired, volunteered for this special service, and Capt. D. D. Tompkins 1st Reg. S. Artillery, with 24 powder howitzers, and 25 of his men. The advance was in three columns—the right under Col. Warren, the left under Lieut. Col. Mills, and the centre under Capt. Tompkins. When within three fourths of a mile of the hammock they met the Indians, and the battle commenced.

The Indians attempted to turn the left flank, but were charged with spirit by that wing, and driven into a thick oak scrub, thence into the border of the hammock, where the artillery played on them with considerable effect.

Then they attempted to turn the right flank, but were driven off by that wing, and into range again of the artillery, which opened upon them with great effect. The Indians made desperate attempts to maintain their position. They charged twice on the artillery. They were beaten off at all points, and driven a mile and a half into a dense hammock, where they could not be pursued with advantage. The action lasted one hour and a half, one hour of which time, the fire was heavy on the whole line. The force was estimated at 300 men.

Indians were seen to fall before the fire of the artillery, particularly on the left. Several persons report that they saw a mounted Indian, from his appearance giving orders and a white fall from the fire of the artillery. Adj. Gilard reports that he saw a large fellow mounted in front on the right, and from his recollection of his person thinks he was Jumper. Adj. G. ordered a platoon fired at him and several asserts that he fell. No Indians were found dead, but from the traces of blood many most have been killed and wounded.

Col. W. L. Col. M., Capt. T., Adj. G. Capt. Beckham, Walker and Ward, Lieut. Breton and Hildley, distinguished themselves by their bravery and good conduct in the field, also Doctors Pelet and Tebbel, and private waymen stationed at the hoastizer, who was wounded at the first fire, but refused to quit his post till compelled by loss of blood.

List of the Wounded.—Jeremiah Barnett, mortality. M. Hildley, J. Long, S. Russell, and Wayman not dangerously.

The Spa of Vermont. This medicinal spring is situated in the town of Clarendon, three and a half miles from West Rutland village. According to the analysis, in one gallon of water containing 235 cubic inches, 0.53 inches are nitrogen and 40.16 inches carbonic acid. The amount of saline matter is only 5.75 grains, so that, leaving out the nitrogen and carbonic acid gases, the water is the purest in the world. Nearly all spring and well waters have a large portion of saline matter—some 10 per cent. The analysis shows this water to contain but one ten thousandth part of the saline matter. The purest river water does not approach to this purity. Consequently the water is perfectly transparent and without taste.

Besides the gases thus held in solution, gas in a great quantity exists in a free state, bubbling up continually from the spring as at Saratoga. This gas is almost wholly nitrogen; being in 100 cubic inches, 98.45 nitrogen, 1.05 carbonic acid, 0.95 saline matter.

The above facts show the Clarendon spring to be most remarkable. No spring exists in the United States at all like it, as yet discovered, and its curative properties in said rheum, catarrhus, diseases, disorders of the blood, &c. are so demonstrable from facts, that its importance must soon become extensively known. The proprietors are now taking measures to provide accommodations for visitors at the spring, and lines of stages.—Vermont Chronicle.

MARRIED.

In Jamaica, Sept. 15th, by Elder N. Ames, Mr. Leonard Foster to Miss Maria Merrill.

In Greenfield, Mass. James O'Connell M. D. to Miss Mary C. Russell, daughter of Mr. John Russell and Mrs. Francis Russell, in New Haven Conn. all of Greenfield.

In Deerfield, Mr. John M. Campbell, publisher of the Greenfield Advertiser, to Miss Nancy H. Robinson, daughter of Rev. Andrew Robinson of Deerfield.

In Westmoreland, Col. John, Capt. National Guard, of Rox. Mass. to Miss Emily P. daughter of Hon. Wm. G. Bradley.

DIED.

In Milane, N. Y. Sept. 15th, very suddenly, Daniel Green, formerly of Rutland Vt. Aged 62. Friends in N. York are requested to call.

At the residence of his father in Guilford, 30 inst. Mr. Kester Howard.

In Rutland, N. H. Mr. Isaac Davis, aged 81.

In Keppel, N. H. Mr. John Adams, 81.

In Castleton, widow Rhoda Allen, 87.

In Portsmouth, Mr. Samuel Robinson, 76. A soldier of the Rev. He was stationed in the main part of the House of Representatives during the desperate engagement with the British, fought during the siege of Fort Mifflin.

In Westmoreland, N. H. Sept. 20th, Mr. Robert Sessions, Esq. 84. He was one of the noble band that threw the tea overboard in Boston Harbor, in 1773.

By the last Night's Mail.

HERRAN FOR MARYLAND! The Baltimore papers (from the New York Express of Saturday) contain the following intelligence, that the Revolutionists are defeated. We have authentic news from all of the countries.—There is a daily flag for the Revolutionists in the Carolina Country there is a for the Van Buren party—the remaining three, as will be seen, are Whigs.—Speaking of the Northern and the triumphful Baltimore Chronicle says:—

"Another Newcomer."—It appears from the returns of the Election in Monday last, that the Van Buren party have elected numerous members of the House of Delegates. This number is deemed to be a majority, being that of the remaining members of the House, who have supported the power of the people, and are in a position to destroy the Constitution which many of them are determined to do. These are the same Whigs, and all of these are bound to support. They have now limited delegates, who may feel the same disposition with the Whigs to require occasionally, by holding it as a threat against the Government, to be held in a day.

FROM FRANCE.

By the packet ship Eric, Captain Pouch, from Havre, the Editors of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser have received their files of Paris papers to the 24th of August, inclusive. But they add very little to our previous intelligence from that country.

The edition from Russia is of a painfully interesting character. The restoration of 1812 has been proclaimed, but its proclamation seems everywhere attended with violence, tumult, anarchy and bloodshed. The queen acts under the influence of terror, and all against whom the soldiers and excited people bear animosity, are obliged to fly for their lives. The members of the late cabinet have all sought safety in a precipitate departure or close concealment. Gen. Quaslet, the commandant of Madrid, has been assassinated by some of the National Guards.

The day previous to the proclamation of the constitution, there was sharp fighting in the streets of Madrid between some of the regular troops and parties of the National Guards, in which several of the former were wounded. The arrival of the queen and recent from San Ildefonso put an end to these disturbances, but the existing state of tranquillity was not expected to endure.

There is nothing of moment from the seat of war except an avowal that the forces of Don Carlos are suffering much for the want of provisions, and that numbers of them are leaving their ranks and returning to their homes, in order to get in the harvest.

The quarrel between France and Switzerland, or rather the election of Basle, seems to be growing serious. We are not advised as to the origin and course of the difficulty, which appears to be of an individual rather than a national character.

Marshal Clausel was expelled at Algiers early in September, intending it is said to prosecute the war with great vigor. Three thousand French troops and three thousand Arabs, were to be employed.

The Cholera was still making progress in Austria, Hungary and Bohemia, but its ravages are much less dreadful than in 1831. In Lombardy it seems to have subsided.

The Crops. The fine warm weather of the last ten days, has made an essential improvement in the crops of corn and potatoes. Although the frost in some places was severe and destroyed the planted corn, it has not done a tithe of the mischief which was anticipated, and a pretty fair crop of corn will be realized. At the time of the frost a gentleman told us that his crop was all destroyed—a week afterwards he said it was not so bad as he expected, and that he should get half a crop; two days ago he informed us that, on the whole, he should have a very good crop of corn. So it is in most parts of the State, and the further we go from the seashore the better the prospect. We should never distrust Providence, N. H. Patriot.

Distressing Event. We learn from the Wheeling Gazette of the 26th inst. that when the steaming Home, with the President of the United States on board touched at Portsmouth, Ohio, a salute was fired. By some unforeseen cause, the cannon was charged prematurely, and most shocking consequences followed; four persons were instantaneously killed, and two severely wounded—so much so that there is little hope of their recovery.

We copy the following just remarks from the Salem (Mass.) Gazette. They are worthy of consideration by all those persons living in New England—who have a wish to migrate to the far West.

Eleazer Warner's Estate.

State of Vermont, ) BE it remembered, District of Rutland, ss. ) That at a stated Probate Court held at Rutland, within and for said district on the first Monday being the 30 day of October, A. D. 1836.

Edward Wheeler, administrator, with the will annexed of Eleazer Warner, late of Pittsford, in said district, deceased, proposing to render an account of his administration & present his account against said estate for allowance:

Ordered, That said account be examined in court, at a session thereof, to be holden at the Probate office in Rutland within and for said district, on the first Monday of November next; and that the publication of a copy of this order, three weeks successively in the Rutland Herald, printed at Rutland as soon as may be, shall be sufficient notice to all concerned to appear, if they see cause, and object thereto.

42 F. W. HOPKINS, Register.

John Robbins' Estate.

State of Vermont, ) BE it remembered, District of Rutland, ss. ) That at a stated Probate Court held at Rutland, within and for said district on the first Monday, being the 30 day of November, A. D. 1836.

Alexander Miller, Executor of the last Will and testament of John Robbins late of Wallingford in said district, deceased, proposing to render an account of his administration and present his account against said estate for allowance:

Ordered, That said account be examined in court, at a session thereof, to be holden at the Probate office in Rutland within and for said district, on the first Monday of November next; and that the publication of a copy of this order, three weeks successively in the Rutland Herald, printed at Rutland as soon as may be, shall be sufficient notice to all concerned to appear, if they see cause, and object thereto.

42 F. W. HOPKINS, Register.

Aseneth Will's Estate.

State of Vermont, ) BE it remembered, District of Rutland, ss. ) That at a stated Probate Court held at Rutland, within and for said district, on the first Monday, being the 30 day of October, A. D. 1836.

Ira Corham, administrator of the estate of Aseneth Will, late of Ira, in said district, deceased, proposing to render an account of his administration and present his account against said estate for allowance:

Ordered, That said account be examined in court, at a session thereof, to be holden at the Probate office in Rutland, within and for said district, on the 1st Monday of November next; and that the publication of a copy of this order, three weeks successively in the Rutland Herald, printed at Rutland, as soon as may be, shall be sufficient notice to all concerned to appear, if they see cause, and object thereto.

42 F. W. HOPKINS, Register.

Brighton Market Monday Oct. 3. At market 1160 Beef Cattle, 1620 Sheep, 2250 Hogs, and 1020 Swine.

Prices. Beef Cattle.—About last week's prices were obtained for a like quality; better cattle were at market consequently better prices were obtained. We noticed four tons of 700. We quote extra at 6 x 6 25; first quality 5 50 x 5 75; second quality 5 x 2 25; third quality 3 75 x 4 50.

Swine.—One lot in full taken at 5 1 2 and 6 1 2 and several lots of 6 and 7; at retail, 7 and 8 for hams, 5 and 6 for hocks.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST received and for sale at the RUTLAND BOOK-STORE, a very large supply of new

BOOKS, among which the following may be found, viz:—

The PARLOR SCRAP BOOK, for 1837

" THE ALPHABET " " 1837

" GIFT BOOK " " 1837

" VINDICATED " " 1837

" CIRCUMSTANCES " " 1837

Also, DIXON'S BOOKS complete ranges in 1 vol. COLLEGIATE PORTFOLIO WORKS, 1000 vols.

A large and beautiful supply of ALBUMS, in best fancy binding, with a beautiful landscape; YOUNG MAN'S SUNDAY BOOK;

" YOUNG LADY'S SUNDAY BOOK;

" YOUNG MAN'S SUNDAY BOOK;

" YOUNG LADY'S SUNDAY BOOK;

Also, COMMON SCHOOL LIBRARY, consisting of every book for school use, a valuable work for Schools in this State by L. Harvey;

YOUNG LADY'S SUNDAY BOOK;

YOUNG MAN'S SUNDAY BOOK;

YOUNG LADY'S SUNDAY BOOK;

NEW GOODS.

LUTHER DANIELS, has just received a very extensive and well selected assortment of FALL & WINTER GOODS;

including a great variety of Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, Green, Adirondack, Mixed and Drab fine and extra quality.

BROAD-CLOTHS; Hair, Ribbed, and Black BUCK SKIN CASSIMERES;

Field, mixed, and Gany colored SATINETTS; Vestings, Petershams, Pilot Cloth, &c. &c. Paddings, Cambrays, and every variety of TAILORS TRIMMINGS;

Black and Fawn, Coat hair and Inston CamBLETS;

White, Green, Red and Yellow FLANNELS; Cotton do. Merino and Regal colored WAIST CROCKETS, (an article indispensable with our modern winters.)

1200 Yards French and English MERINOES & CIRCASSIANS; French & English Figured MERINOES, a new & beautiful article for Ladies Cloaks.

Black, Brown and Green ALEFINES;

1000 Yards American, English and French CALICOES.

English Gingham, white and colored Cambrays, checked and corded ditto, Irish Linens, Linen Cambrays, Bishop

Lawns, plain and figured Swiss Muslins, Book do., Bobinet

Laces and Quillings, Edgings & Insertings, corded Skirts, &c. White, scarlet & black Merino Shawls;

Imitation and Valencia do.; Thibet, Cashmere and Chilly Handkerchiefs; Hosiery, Gloves, Umbrellas, India rubber Over-shoes, &c.

SILK GOODS.

Real Italian black & blue black SILKS; Gro de Naples, Gro de Swiss, and Poul de Soie do.; colored Gro de Naples, Florance, Satins, Serges, &c. Dress Handkerchiefs, a great variety; French Crapes, Velvets, Italian Cravats, Flag and Bandanna Handkerchiefs, Taffeta, Gauze and Lustring Ribbons, Belt do. some very rich; Gallons, Braids, Bindings, &c. &c. &c.

DOMESTICS.

Brown SHEETINGS & DRILLINGS; bleached do., Tickings, Gingham, Wicking, Wadding, Batting, Fur and Silk HATS, Boston made and newest style; Farewell's Kid and Morocco Slips & walking SHOES, French do., Gaiter Boots, Childrens Shoes.